SAVED BABE HAWKINS'S LIFE

His Wife Took a Hand in a Bloody Fight on the Street in Shelby ville.

The Shelby County Desperado on the Botton in the Gutter and a Man Was About to Shoot When Mrs. Hawkins Caught the Weapon.

State University Trustees Elect New Teachers and Raise Salaries.

Terre Haute Postoffice Case-Sensational Forgeries at South Bend-Another Rioter Convicted at Lafayette.

HE WAS READY TO FIGHT.

Shelbyville Officers Have a Bloody Scramble with the Notorious Babe Hawkins.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., June 10.—Babe Hawkins came to town on business this morning, armed as usual, as if expecting trouble. He stood around in his shirt sleeves all day, the impression of his revolver showing plainly through his trousers. Before dinner he met officer James Magill, with whom he had an excited talk. They called each other some hard names, but parted without any further trouble. Late in the afternoon Magill and Deputy Sheriff Mc-Dougail attempted to disarm him on the street. He resisted and attempted to draw to shoot, but he was held and did not succeed in committing murder. The three fell out into the street and the scramble began with Babe undermost and kicking and begging for dear life. Some one drew a revolver and was about to kill Babe, when his wife stepped in, and, grabbing the gun, threw the man back. Hawkins's friends joined affray and citizens assisted the officers. Hawkins was beaten about the face, while Magill was cut in the cheek and

lips. McDougal sustained a broken leg. Hawkins was taken to 'Squire Craeraft's office, where he gave good bond for \$4,000 to appear June 13. The news of the fight spread rapidly, and soon the public square was filled with excited people. In front of the 'Squire's office 300 people waited to see the result of the trial. There were strong fears of a lynching. Babe Hawkins for years has borne the reputation of being a desperado who always went around armed, prepared to defend himself. He is the brother of Charles Hawkins, who was hanged by a mob nearly two years ago for attempting to kill Marshal Bruce. Since that lynching Babe has been tolerably quiet, never having been in trouble but once, and then on trial by jury was acquitted. Personally he seems to be a quiet, sober man, and his neighbors in the country give him a good reputation. After he was released to-day he got his wife and children in a wagon and quietly

FACULTY ORGANIZED.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Long List of New Professors and Instructors for the State University.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., June 10.—The board of trustees of Indiana University have been busy since convening, taking careful observation of the affairs of the institution. Reports have been received from all the departments, making a good showing. The salary list has been carefully arranged and adopted and a number of increases have been made. Faculty matters occupied the attention of the board this morning. Joseph Swain was formally elected president of the university, William A. Merrill, University, was electprofessor of the department of Latin: Martin W. Sampson was elected professor of the department of English, to have charge of the work heretofore done by Professors Griggs and Clark; Robert Aley was elected to the head of the department of mathematics, the chairs of pure and applied mathematics to be combined; Prof. Arthur L. Foley was elected assistant professor of the department of physics, and will have charge at present; Professor Osthaus was elected assistant professor in German. David S. Davidson was elected assistant professor of mathematics, David M. Matter was elected assistant professor in botany, and placed in charge. The following instructors have been appointed; Chemistry, Sherman Davis; mathematics, David A. Rothrock: zoology, Albert B. Ulery; rhetoric, Charles J. Senhawer; Latin, Joseph Howard: German, George M. Howe; geology, Edward M. Kindle; philosophy, Earnest H. Lindley: history, Calvin S. Hoover. Misa Sophia M. Sheeks was elected register. The resignation of Mrs. Saunderson, at

the head of the work of the physical culture department, was received, and a director is to be appointed who will appoint a woman assistant. It was ordered by the board that no university extension be permitted except on Frievening and Saturday, and must not interiere with the regular work of the institution. Additional instructors may be appointed, but the board states that there will be no further changes in the faculty. Joseph Howard, the instructor in Latin, graduated with the class of '88 and had been taking post-graduate work in the Chicago University for the last year. He was an instructor in the preparatory here in 1889, and is a brother-in-law of Professor Bryan.

COMPROMISE DECISION.

Assistant Postmaster-General Jones's Ruling on the Terre Haute Postoffice Case.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 10. - First Assistant Postmaster-general Jones has rendered a decision in the postoffice case in which he holds that the new force appointed by Postmaster Donham cannot take positions because the office went under the civilservice law before the appointments were made. He holds, however, that the old employes were guilty of insubordination and that they can be removed on that charge, the vacancies to be filled from the eligible list provided by the civil-service examination. In this he takes issue with Commissioner Roosevelt, who, after a formal investigation of the case, reported that the charge of insubordination was "sheer nonsense," the alleged insubordination occurring before Donham became postmaster and consisting of their refusal to be peremptorily dismissed by him before he had taken possession of the office. In closing the First Assistant Postmaster-general says enough of the present force should be retained to moure the efficiency of the service. The positions of assistant postmaster, money order clerk, registry clerk and stamp clerk were excepted from the civilservice law. In his letter Mr. Jones says: From the fact that you consulted with some of the ablest lawyers and best citizens of Terre Haute as to your duties and rights under the civil-service law, and the opinion of May 5 of the Attorney-general, and from your own statement, and from the affidavits submitted to this department by Senator Voorhees, I believe you acted in good faith and with no intention to arrogantly override the laws. Your zeal and activity in getting control of the offices is no doubt commended by many of your political friends, but under all the circumstances was possibly too hasty and ardent. The Terre Haute postoffice, on the 13th ult., by reason of the civil-service examination, passed into the classified list and

became subject to civil-service laws and rules. The First Assistant Postmaster-general therefore declines to appoint the letter carriers and substitutes recommended by Mr. Donham and adds:

The conduct of the employes under your predecessor is by no means free from criticism. If they were not guilty of insubordination after the fact, they were so nearly so that it would be a distinction without a difference. I am free to eav that I will receive your recommendation for letter carriers from the eligible list of the Terre Haute postoffice, you to retain, however, from the Greiner force as many as, in your opinion, it would be for the good of the cervice to retain. Employes in a classified postoffice cannot, under cover of the civil-service laws and rules, disregard the place and policy of the postmaster and defy

him and his orders. If they do so they should be taught a lesson that would be beneficial to the eligible list and the service. I do not think under all circumstances you were postmaster fully equipped to remove and appoint employes until after the office became classified, and must therefore decline to approve of your appointment of Edward J. Osborne, Leonard Roach and M. J. Nellis, it not appearing that they were taken from the eligible list of your office.

RECKLESS MR. SISSON.

Forges His Mother-in-Law's Name to \$20,-

000 Worth of Negotiable Paper. SOUTH BEND, Ind., June 10,-Business circles here have a sensation in a string of forgeries amounting to \$20,000, perpetrated by Ed R. Sisson, a well-known business man of this city, who is now in New York, with no intention of returning to Indiana if he can help it. Sisson forged the name of his mother-inlaw, Mrs. Kate Lindsey, to the paper and several prominent business men are the victims. Some time ago Sisson's brother-in-law, Charles T. Lindsey, heard that the Hon. William Mack held Sisson's notes for \$1,100, signed by his mother as surety. There were three of them, originally given by Sisson to Dewitt Sedgwick, but later turned over by Sisson to Mack as collateral security for the amount advanced by Mack to Sisson to pay Sedgwick what was due him. These notes were shown to Lindsey, and he was asked about the genuineness of the signature. He unhesitatingly explained that they were forgeries, and that his mother had never signed a note in her life. It is said that Sedgwick was told that the signature was not Mrs. Lind-sey's when he showed the notes to C. A. Kimball, cashier of the First National Bank, who know it very well, Sisson paid over the money when Sedgwick made the demand upon him, and this was the money advanced by Mr. Mack. Lindsey wasted no time Sisson of his discovery. Sisson thereupon confessed to having forged the note, solemnly asserting, however, that it was the only one, and that he would repay Mr. Mack. On the 6th inst. Sisson left for his old home in New York State to to raise money to make good his forgeries. The next day two notes of \$5,000 each turned up in pos-session of Dr. Cummings, a dentist, on which Sisson had been paying interest for

daughter. LUCKY M'CAULEY.

Sisson came here fifteen years ago. He

had no bad habits, and he was always con-

sidered upright. At present he is a mem-

ber of the South Bend Drug Company, with

his brother-in-law. He has a wife and

forgeries.

Got Off with a \$50 Fine for Assaulting Rudolph-Another Indictment,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAFAYETTE, Ind., June 10 .- To-night the fourth of the riot cases terminated. Philip McCauley, indicted with Murphy, Clark and others for assault with intent to murder Rudolph, the ex-priest, was adjudged guilty only of assault, and his fine was fixed by the jury at \$200. This was contrary to the statute, and the jurors were instructed that \$50 was the extent they could fine him on a charge of assault. Mc-Cauley was greatly rejoiced. He shook hands with the jurors and thanked them personally. Judge Langdon pronounced judgment on the finding, the defendant being released on his own recognizance until Monday morning.

It transpired to-day that Joseph Spears, who testified for Peter Clark, had been indicted for compounding a felony, the charge being that he was instrumental in getting out of reach an important witness for the State. In that case Spears gave bail in \$1,000.

"WILD CAT" DIVORCE DECREE,

It Gives Grounds for the Arrest of a Newly-Married Woman at Fort Wayne.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., June 10 .- Martha Forbing Barrand was arrested, this morning, on a charge of bigamy. Affidavits were taken out by her step-children. Her first husband, Frank Forbing, is in an insane asylum at Richmond. Ind. She secured a divorce through Chicago divorce lawyers, and acting against the advice of Fort Wayne attorneys, matried Joseph Barrand on Thursday last. He is a wealthy Fort Wayne man, who can neither read nor write. His son ran down her "wildcat" decree of divorce, and the arrest followed. Barrand is infatuated with the woman, and went on her bond.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK AT DE PAUW. The Music and Preparatory Schools Have Made the Plunge. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., June 10.—Commencement is now "on" at DePauw and the usual final term crowd of visitors is already seen on the streets. Meharry Hall was filled last night on the occasion of the graduating exercises of the School of Music. Miss Stella Jordan and Miss Pauline Blake | Special to the Indianapolis Journal. appeared as vocal artists and Misses Rosa Marquis, Flora E. Vandyke, Emma Coffey and Zella Marshall as pianistes. Their diplomas will be conferred next Wednesday, commencement day. To-night commencement exercises of the preparatory school were held at Meharry Hail, and the programme was as fol-

"Indifference to Intemperance Our Social Crime," P. H. Beery, Greencastle; "The College and the Common School," Orpha May Brumback, Greencastle; "True Reform," Reuben S. Henderson, Olentangy, O.; sketch, "Lady Macbeth." Mary Rebecca Town, Greencastle; es-say, "Literature in Character Build-Sidney Huffman, Pleasant Lake; "A Different Aim," May Gwynne, Vincennes; essay, "The Problem of the City Poor," John S. Lofland, Roinney; essay, "Tennyson's Power as a Poet," Frank C. Tilden, Greencastle; valedictory, "Semper ad Superiora," Evelyn C. Riley, Topeka, Kan.

Degrees were conferred, closing the exercises of the evening. The graduates of the class numbered twenty-four. The joint board of trustees and visitors was in session this afternoon, but no business of special interest was transacted. The affairs of the university were never in better shape or more promising of good results for the future.

Programme at Westfield College. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Casey, Ill., June 10. - Following is the programme for commencement week at West-

field College: Sunday, June 11-10:30 A. M., baccalaureate sermon by President Klinefelter; 7:30 P. M., anaual sermon by Rev. J. A. F. King, of Decatur, Monday -8 P. M., joint anniversary of the Calomentian, Philalethean, Cliorlethean and Zetegathean literary societies. Tuesday-8 P. M., annual lecture before the lit-

erary societies by Robert J. Burdette. Wednesday-8 P. M., anniversary of the alumni; 2:30 P. M., class day exercises. Thursday-2 P. M., commencement exercises proper by the graduates, twelve in number; 8 P. u., grand musical concert, assisted by the famous Ringold Band of Terre Haute.

Only Two Graduates.

Special to the Indianapolis Journa. TIPTON, Ind., June 10.—The eleventh annual commencement took place at the Kleyla Theater last night, the class only numbering two this year. Dora Eastes had a thesis on "Greenan Sculpture," and Bertha Wilcox one on the "Spirit of Unrest." The graduates did not perform. The principal address, "Girls and What They Can Do," was delivered by Mrs. Josephine R. Nichols, of Indianapolis, after which the class of 1894 presented the graduates with a beautiful gold souvenir class pin, on which was

inscribed: "Tipton High School." An "Ideal" Class,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PLYMOUTH, Ind., June 9 .- The eighteenth annual commencement of the high school of this city took place at the Centennial Opera House Thursday evening. The names and themes of the graduating class were as follows:

"The Ideal of the North American Indian." Sarah Alice Bachman; "The Ideal of the Chinese," Glies Benson Capron; "The Ideal of the Northmen." Frank Louis Thomas: "The Ideal of the Hindoos," William Cumback Martin; "The Ideal of the Greeks and Romans," Bert Edward Nussbaum; "The Ideal of the Bible," Minnie May Cox.

Frank L. Thomas won the class honors. Coates College Programme.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 10.-Commencement week at Coates College will begin

Thomas Parry, Sunday evening, June 11. Miss Mary Lillian Young will be the only graduate. Commencement exercises take place Monday evening, at Central Presbyterian Church. The final piano and voice recital comes off Tuesday evening, at the gymnasium. At 9 o'clock follows the reception by President and Mrs. Duncan to Miss Mary L. Young.

SHOUTING FOR TOMPKINS,

Terre Haute Normal Students Give Him Band Serenade.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 10 .- A body of students to-night followed a band of music to Prof. Tompkins's residence. More would have gone, but a committee personally urged students not to go, saying that all would pay their respects to the Professor in a social way next Monday evening. He will preach at Plymouth Church, Indianapolis, to-morrow.

The Normal students in the recent demonstrations are threatened with being disciplined. Some one caused to be circulated. this afternoon, a handbill, calling a mass meeting for to-night, but the committee of students made strenuous to prevent the holding of meeting, and were successful. Mr. I. H. C. Royse, a member of the board of trustees, says: "The board has decided that the school must be disciplined, although nothing will be done at present. It is not the intention to rule in haste, but with judgment. Just what action would be taken over the behavior of certain students cannot be as yet anticipated. In time, proper measures will be taken to establish discipline in the institution and enforce respect for the proper school authorities."

Charges Against Trustee Smith.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., June 10.-It is reported on the streets to-day that Daniel R. Smith, trustee of Morae township, had been arrested for appropriating materials belonging to the township to his own use. The sheriff denies that Smith has been arrested. The facts are that Jerry McNamara and Thad Major, two reputable citizens of the township, one day this week filed information before the Board of County Com missioners, alleging that Smith had bought material for a schoolhouse with township funds and then used it to build a house for himself. The court bailiff. Donglas Anders. has subprensed about twenty persons to appear before the board on Monday as witnesses. The amount charged cannot be learned, as the officers will not talk.

New Albany Failure Is Mixed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW ALBANY, Ind., June 10 .- J. H. Stotsenberg, assignee of the New Albany Banking Company, has qualified, giving bond the sum of \$200,000, Jesse J. Brown and Samuel A. Culbertson are his sureties. He has begun work on the books, and will make a statement of the assets and liabilities for the benefit of the creditors in a few days. It is reported that a greater portion of the assets consists of paper discounted by Winstandley & Co., of Louisville. The firm is composed of W. C. and I. S. Winstandley, presidents of the Bedford and New Albany banks, respectively, the com-pany of the concern being Dr. W. L. Breyfogle, of Chicago.

Tax "Dodgers" Were Too Hasty.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., June 10.—Some time ago the prosecuting attorney of the Ninth judicial circuit brought ten suits against the most wealthy and influential citizens in this county for failing to list all of their property for taxation. In all the cases excepting two the parties at once sought a settlement with the State's attorney, paying him the penalties provided for by the acts of 1891. The other two cases were tried here, and a jury this afternoon brought in a verdict of acquittal. The court also held that it was not lawful to collect penalties for the failure to list property prior to 1891. Parties who have paid these penalties will now make an effort to recover them.

The Indiana Electric Railway. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., June 10.-From an interview to-day with Dr. Gessner, general manager of the Chicago & Central Indiana Electric Railway Company, it was learned that the company has decided to extend its line from Lafayette to Chicago, thus making one of the finest systems of electric railway in the world.

The company has given orders for a large amount of material to be used on the double-track Noblesville and Indianapolis division, which will be the first to be completed. The rails to be used in the track will be what are known in the market as forty-five pound rails, and the cross ties will be six by eight inches, and eight feet in length.

Dismissed on a Technicality.

PERU, Ind., June 10.-The case of Albert G. Owen, of Wabash county, asking \$10,-000 damages from the commissioners of this county for imprisonment in the Miami county jail, and that as a result he had contracted an incurable sickness, was dismissed by the commissioners yesterday without comment, as attorney Branyan, of Huntington, had admitted that he had no case whatever. Branyan, however, offered to comprovise the matter for \$300, which was refused. By a recent decision of the Supreme Court the county could not be hable, and action could only be brought personally against the commissioners and city officials. Hence the dismissal of the

They Are Shielding a Criminal. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PERU, Ind., June 10 .- The mystery attending the United States and Pacific Express Company robbery, in this city last week, in which \$800 and valuable order books were stolen by supposedly expert thieves, has been cleared up by the confession of the local thief and the money all returned to the company. The officials of the company are reticent in the matter, but sufficient is known to warrant the above. The culprit will not be prosecuted.

Verdict Against the Mother-in-Law. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SALEM, Ind., June 10.-In the noted case of Mrs. Emma Holmes against her motherin-law, Maria L. Holmes, for alienating the affections of her husband, the jury at midnight brought in a verdict for \$1,600 in favor of the plaintiff, who sued for \$10,000 damages. The trial was before Judge G. H. D. Gibson, of the Clark Circuit Court, who came out to act as special judge. All the parties to the above suit live in Sey-

The Old Army-Worm Chestnut, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VINCENNES, Ind., June 9 .- The army worm has made its appearance in Knox county and across the line in Lawrence county. Illinois. Great damage has been done already to wheat, corn and meadows. Many fields have been stripped bare by the ravages of these worms. Some farmers have protected their crops by cutting ditches around their farms.

Few People Hear Weaver at Elkhart. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ELKHART, June 10. - General Weaver, the Populist leader, addressed a small gathering here, this afternoon, the meeting being interfered with by a heavy storm. This evening he spoke to a small audience in a hall. The local Populists had arranged to give a big industrial parade to-day, but, at the request of the speaker, they aban-

Two-Round Prize Fight at Anderson. ANDERSON, Ind., June 10,-Joe Ford, a pugilist of this city, and Ed Smith, a prize ring man of Muncie, met here last night and a fight was quietly arranged. The men met at 1 o'clock this morning and Smith won the fight in two rounds.

Gutted by Thieves. Special to the Ladianapolis Journal.

PERU, Ind., June 10.-This morning the residence of Mr. B. E. Wallace, the showman, was gutted by thieves, who gained an entrance by cutting through a large

with the baccalaurente sermon by Rev. Dr. | glass bay window and, without awakening the inmates, ransacked the rooms of Mrs. Wallace, her mother and sister. From thence they went through the lower rooms of the house, securing \$1,500 in money, diamonds, jewelry and silverware.
The theft was not discovered until this
morning. There is no clew thus far.

Murdered His Wife on the Street.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 10 .- Richard Hamilton, a fireman, met his wife on the street to-night and killed her. He suspected her of infidelity, and, finding her with William Sims, shot her dead. Sims was also shot, but not fatally. Hamilton escaped.

Fairland Sawmill Demolished.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., June 10 .- The sawmill at Fairland, belonging to Moore & Decker, exploded while the men were at dinner, to-day, demolishing the building and throwing the debris in every direction. No cause can as yet be assigned for the catastrophe. No one was hurt. The loss is over \$1,000.

Indiana People Reported Killed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SPICELAND, Ind., June 10,-Tilburn and Mordecal White received word to-day that their brother, Isaac White, his wife and daughter were all killed by the cars at Knoxville, Tenn., to-day. They formerly lived at Spiceland.

Indiana Notes. Rev. W. H. Bamford, of Scranton, Pa., has accepted the pastorate of Christ's Epis-

copal Church at Madison. Charles Cory, a cripple, fell against a red hot stove in Shelby ville and was burned in a horrible manner. His outery brought assistance and prevented further torture. Nicholls & Mathews, of Wellsburg, W.

Va., commenced laying the foundation, at

Albany, yesterday for the largest flint glass

furnace in the world, for the Model Flint-

glass Company, a new factory which expects to be in running operation by Sept. 1, with three hundred employes.

ATTACKED WITHOUT CAUSE

Gov. Altgeld Investigates and Says the Lemont Strikers Were Blameless.

The Shooting Unprovoked and Uncalled For -Twelve Companies of Militia on the Ground-The Dead and Wounded.

CHICAGO, June 10.-Governor Altgeld arrived at Lemont this afternoon and immediately commenced an investigation of the trouble which led to yesterday's tragedy. The Governor had requested that both sides be represented officially at the conference to be held in Mayor McCarthy's office, which had been called by him for the special purpose of making a thorough investigation of the trouble. None of the contractors, however, were present, and the time of the investigation was almost entirely taken up with hearing the testimony of some twelve or fifteen strikers and their sympathizers. Two or three disinterested persons endeavored to give the Governor some inkling of the trouble as viewed by the contractors. After listening to the testimony, and taking a few moments for consideration, Governor Altgeld gave, out a statement which started out by reciting the facts of the call upon him for troops and his efforts to obtain all information possible. His statement then goes on, as

follows: I have talked with men who claim to speak for the contractors, and have sent word to every contractor, asking for his version of the affair. went down to the scene of the shooting and talked with several disinterested men, among them being some railroad men who were at work on the track of the Santa Fe Railroad Company and who, as they saw what took place, could give a very full account of the One of the associates of these men was shot. The information thus gained tends to show that there had been no riot or serious disturbance for a week until yesterday, and that the only violence yesterday was done by a number of men, both white and colored. who had been brought here by one of the contractors from the South, and who were armed with ritles. These men, it is said, opened fire on some strikers who were walking along the towpath of the old canal and were not making any disturbance. They were not going in the direction where work was being done on the canal, and at the moment the firing began the strikers on the towpath at once began to run, being followed as they did so for about a mile by the drainage laborers armed

with rifles. After the conference in the Mayor's office Governor Altgeld, accompanied by a local officer, visited the works of F. D. Smith & Co. There he looked over the town with questions on every point having any bearing on the fight. After his return to Lemont the Governor stated it as his opinion, so far as his investigation had gone, that the shooting of the strikers by the drainage men was unprovoked and uncalled for.

To-night, so far as can be learned, three men have yielded up their lives as the result of yesterday's riot. The unknown man who fell in the heat of the conflict, never to rise, is yet unidentified. Those who were killed outright or have since died from the effects of wounds received are an unknown man who worked on the drainage canal, but was forced to join the strikers; Gzegoz Kiszka, who at 8 o'clock this morning, Jacob Ast, killed outright. There are still others said to be dead who are believed to have fallen into the canal. but thus far their bodies have not been found. Both the drainage men who fired upon the strikers and the strikers themselves say that two and possibly three fell into the canal. John Kluga, the eighteenyear-old boy, who was shot while discharging his duties as section hand on the Santa Fe railroad, has been given up by the attending physician. The bullet penetrated his abdomen and intestines. John Peterson, shot in the groin, will also die, and John Fronozotruski will have to have his left leg amputated, as the result of a ball in the thigh. The list of the dead will probably be increased more than half a dozen from those found.

The spilling of blood has had a perceptible effect upon the strikers. There were few of them to be seen on the streets today, and those who ventured out had apparently lost much of their ardor for trouble. There were no street corner squade, and there was an utter absence of revengeful talk.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon twelve companies of the Second Regiment of the State Guard, comprising 478 men, under command of Colonel Judd, arrived at Lemont. The troops marched to a point opposite Agnew & Co.'s camp and the command was distributed, the Second Battalion going to Section B, the First and Third to Sections F. H and K. The First Regiment came up from Joliet and are at Sections 9 to 16,

The Laughing Plant of Arabia. London Tit-Bita

This plant, says Palgrave, in his work on Central and Eastern Arabia, is a native of that country, and its seeds produce on any one eating them effects analagous to those of laughing gas. The flowers are produced in clusters, and are yellow in color; the seed pods contain two or three black seeds of the shape and size of French beans, Their flavor is slightly like that of opium. and taste sweet, while their odor produces a sickening sensation. The seeds are pulverized and taken in small doses. Any one taking them begins to laugh loudly and boisterously, and then sings, dances and cuts all kinds of fantastic capers, the effect continuing for about an hour. When the excitement ceases the exhausted individual falls into a deep sleep, on awakening from which he is atterly unconscious of any such demonstrations baving been made under the influence of the seeds of the laughing plant.

The Race Is Degenerating.

Johnstown Tribune. There was a time when the tramp printer,

although dissipated, was a good workman. an intelligent man-well posted on almost everything. Now-well, he is not what the old-time one was in any respect; be doesn't have even an idea of the country he has traveled over.

QUARREL IN THE IRISH PARTY

Rupture That May Endanger the Success of Gladstone's Home-Rule Bill.

Ambitious Timothy Healy Secures Control of the Freeman's Journal and Thomas Sexton-Resigns His Seat in Parliament.

Germany's General Elections on Thurs day Not Likely to Be Decisive.

Over Fifteen Hundred Candidates Standing for the Reichstag-Many Second Ballots Probable-Embassador Bayard Speaks.

IRISH MEMBERS AT WAR.

The Healy Faction Wins a Victory and Thomas Sexton Retires to Private Life.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LONDON, June 10.-The culmination of the long-pending trouble between Timothy Healy and Thomas Sexton has been a godsend to the government. The exciting scenes in the conference of the Irish parliamentary party on Friday, and Mr. Sexton's subsequent retirement from his seat for North Kerry, have so distracted the attention of the Irish members that they have little time to make protests against Mr. Gladstone's recent concessions to the Unionists. Had it not been for this diversion an immediate open revolt in the Irish ranks against the government policy would have been unavoidable. Justin McCarthy, leader of the anti-Parnellites, stated the case plainly in an interview with the Premier just before the conference met. He told Mr. Gladstone that the discontent of the Irish members had been roused to the point at which the leaders had become powerless to preserve discipline unless the government should give the most explicit assurances that no further concessions to the Unionists would

The specific cause of this potential revolt is the number of amendments to Clause 3 of the home-rule bill, which have been accepted by Mr. Gladstone from Unionist members. Nine such amendments to limit powers of the Dublin Legislature have been conceded. One of the nine was carried even against the votes of seventy-four of the Irish members. Most of the Irish members attribute the repeated yielding of the government to enemies to a lack of backbone. A few, however, go so far as to suspect treachery within the Cabinet. In general conversation with Cabinet Ministers in the lobby the Irish leaders have urged the arguments that as the home-rule bill is the outcome of a definite agreement between them and the government no alterations ought to be made by the Ministers without their first seeking the assistance of the Nationalists. This argument Mr. McCarthy was commissioned by his colleagues to lay before Mr. Gladstone with special emphasis, and he did so. GLADSTONE'S PROMISES.

In reply to the warning that the acceptance of further Unionist amendments would be the signal for Irish hostilities, Mr. Gladsone authorized Mr. McCarthy to tell the conference that decisive measures would be adopted to close the committee stage of the bill by the middle of July. How the Premier proposes to do this to the extinction of Unionist obstruction, he did not say. He also avoided giving any assurances concerning the acceptance of future amendments from the Unionists. Mr. McCarthy's report of his conversation with the Premier was received with some demonstrations of ill temper by the conference, and a majority of the members expressed themselves as favoring immediate measures to compel the government to act without delay and in conformity with explicit assurances. They also emphasize the necessity of Mr. Gladstone's acting, as previously, in close concert with the Irish leaders; that is, of accepting the distation of the Nationalists as to the future course of the home-rule

Mr. McCarthy promised to inform Mr. Gladstone of the sentiment of the meeting, but his pledge, hardly given, was forgotten as the discussion turned to the Sexton affair which stirred up all the animosities latent among the members and evoked a scene repeatedly on the verge of violence. It was such a bitter quarrel as disturbed the last Parnell conferences. Nominally the trouble concerned the control of the party newspaper organs; really it was due thoroughly and plied the drainage men to the fundamental differences in the political creeds of the leaders. Timothy Healy represents the clerical element of the board of the Freeman's Journal, and at all points in general Irish politics he is in close touch with the priests. Mr. Sexton, on the other hand, represents the secular faction of the Nationalists. He joined the board of the Freeman's Journal at the request of John Dillon and Justin McCarthy. At the conference, yesterday, however, Mr. McCarthy was unable to rally a majority to the support of his protege's policy in the directorate.

Mr. Sexton had told his friends repeatedly that he would retire from Parliament in case a majority did not support him in his final contest with the Healy faction. This threat was regarded generally as a bluft. Now that his retirement is an accomplished fact, the majority of the parliamentary party regret that he was driven to the wall. Only the immediate friends of Timothy Healy rejoice in Mr. Sexton's retirement. for they think that in the future they will hold absolute sway in the counsels of the party. The ability of the Healyites to rule the Parliamentary party will be finally proved or disapproved at the conference of Irish members next week, Should the clerical faction again demonstrate that it is in control, other members of the party are likely to follow Mr. Sexton into private life. Healy already demands that John Dillon resign from the directorate of the Freeman's Journal.

The Unionists are delighted with the rupture in the Nationalist party at the moment when solidity of the party was regarded as all-important. They say that the temporary relief of the government amounts to little in comparison with the trouble which the party feud will cause the Ministry in the near future. The change in leadership, if accomplished, will, in fact, embarrass Mr. Gladstone, as he has been secustomed to consulting with Sexton and Dillon frequently, while ignoring Healy, whom he heartily dislikes.

The revision of the financial clauses which was rendered necessary by the incorrectuess of the estimates made by a treasury official, has not been completed. The mistake in calculation involves some £250,-000, fully half the sum with which the Irish government was to start on its mission. The new financial clauses are said to bave led to some trivial divisions of opinion in the Cabinet. The amendment mania of the opposition is not abating. There are now

fifty-eight pages to consider. The defense union organized to defeat home rule is said to have raised £1,000,000 as its sinews of war. The enrollment of men above sixteen years of age makes rapid progress. More than 17,000 have been registered, and applications are said to be made daily by the hundred. The report that the Irish executive will prohibit the Ulater Assembly to be held in July is denied officially. An extraordinary force of police will be detailed, however, to preserve the peace around the assembly hall. Joseph Chamberlain, the Liberal Unionist leader, met the Duke of Abercorn and the Marquis of Londonderry, yesterday, to confer with them as to the government of the Ulster Orangemen. He advised that a manifesto be addressed to the Orangemen. advising them to peace. This is a sign that the titled gentlemen who started the Defense Union are beginning to fear that they have invoked a devil which they may not be able to lay.

GERMAN GENERAL ELECTIONS.

Thursday's Balloting Not Likely to Be Decisive-1,550 Candidates in the Field. BERLIN, June 10 .- At the general elections for members of the Reichstag, to be held Thursday next, and at the by-elec-

tions that are sure to be required, 397 mem. bers of the house, the full complement, will be returned. The present week closes with 1,550 candidates in the field. Not only new aspirants for seats, but new political factions appear daily, and as election day draws gradually nearer, the confusion grows more confounded. Little can be done in the few days that will elapse before the polling to disentagle the intricate web that has been woven by the many factions. Instead of the eight recognized parties in the late Reichstag holding the electoral field in the present campaign, there are about twenty sections, each fighting for its own programme. The programmes often agree on one common point, but on others they cross and recross in such confusing demands that is would be a difficult, if not impossible task, to say what any single faction really wants. It seems impossible now that the result of Thursday's balloting will decide how the Reichstag will be constituted. Judging from the present outlook it is thought that the vote in most of the constituencies will be so split up that reballots will be neces-

sary in two-thirds of them. Among the latest developments in the political situation is the breakup among the anti-Semites. The Jew baiters now consist of three distinct factions, with partly hostile programmes, besides two opposing particularist sections. South Germany and eastern Prussia have produced a Lithunian party. Hesse an autonomist party and Mecklenburg a constitutional party. There are agrarians, a variety of free-traders, Ahlwardtists, Poles, Alsatians and Guelphs mixed up with candidates of the great old groups-Free Conservatives, Old Conservatives and National Liberals, Lieber Centrists, Von Schorlemer-Alst Moderates, Extremists, Freisinnige, Volkspartei and Socialists. Yet this onparalieled medley remains without the accompaniment of anything like popular excitement. The candidates who are stumping the constituencies are generally heard amid an academic quiet. It is only the anti-Semites and Socialists who succeed in stirring their meetings into demon-

strations of enthusiasm. An incident that occurred at a Centrist mass meeting in Westphalia shows the spread of democratic sentiment. Baron Von Schorlemer-Alst made a speech, in the course of which he defended a conservative Catholic programme. Being interrupted by opposing cries, he exclaimed, "You reason like Socialists!" The response was prompt and to the point. "That's what we are," was the reply, and a number of priests who were on the platform did not venture to remonstrate against this very

Reports that a congress will consider the currency question in September are creating a lively interest in financial circles here, and more so in Austria. Austria and Hungary each still require 120,000,000 floring in cold to complete their currency conversion. The prospect of the United States draining gold from Europe excites anxiety among the Rothschild syndicate which is working the Austro-Hungarian conversion. Financiers calculate that the cost of the Austrian currency reforms will become

greatly enhanced if President Cleveland's plans are approved. The report that Princess Alice, of Hesse, was to be shortly betrothed to the Czarewitch, is officially denied.

Dr. Von Rottenberg and his bride, formery Miss Marian Pheips, daughter of the Hon. William Walter Phelps, ex-United States minister to Germany, have returned from their honeymoon trip, which was necessarily short, because the presence of Dr. Von Rottenberg is required at the In-terior Office, where he is Assistant Secretary. Accompanied by Mr. Phelps, Dr. Von Rottenburg and his wife will make a short trip to Mordenheim before Dr. Von Rottenburg again settles down to work. They started to-day, and the Hon. Theo. Runyon, the new American minister and the entire staff of the legation, went to the station to bid Mr. Phelps adieu. Mrs. Haskins, Minister Runyon's daughter, and her husband, will start for Carlsbad on

Tuesday. Embassador Bayard at Southampton. SOUTHAMPTON, June 10.-When Embassador Bayard arrived here to-day on the steamer of Paris he was presented with an illuminated address by the municipal authorities of the city. In the course of his reply Mr. Bayard said:

You referred to my official designation. I feel its honor, dignity and responsibility and value them chiefly as means to give me greater facilities more perfectly to bring about a harmony of interests between the two great branches of the English-speaking race. I trust that I shall be enabled to make my great office the means of removing any lingering suspicion, or doubt, or misunderstanding between us. I would make it an agency to render strife impossible | cheers |, an agency to promote mutual welfare by the beneficience of commerce so that these ships shall be met at the quays on both sides by people with hearts full of good feeling. What I say to you to-day is not mere lip service nor the offering of baste. It is the result of the study of a lifetime, largely devoted to the consideration of public questions in which the interests of Great Britain have been allied

with those of the United States. [Cheers.] Cholera Spreading. Paris, June 10 .- Cholers has shown itself at Narbonne, in the department of Aude, on the railway from Bordeaux to Cette, and having communication with the Mediterranean through the canal of Narbonne, which traverses the town. Dr. Mecle, of the Narbonne Hospital, has died

of a disease which is pronounced to be ALEXANDRIA, June 10.—The number of deaths from cholers in Mecca yesterday was seventy, indicating that the disease is

on the increase. Hamburg, June 10.-A sailer from Rio de aneiro has died of cholera on his ship in

the barbor.

Cruelty in Russia, St. Petersburg, June 10.-A newspaper in Vladivostock publishes an account of the terrible abuse of convicts on the island of Onera. The man in charge is a convict who was promoted for good behavior. He subjects the convicts to such barbarous practices that twenty of them mutilated themselves in order to escape his cruelty. Others have fled into the wilderness of Taiga, where they have suffer cold and hunger. Of those who have it few are now alive, and they have sustained themselves only by eating their former com-

Land Discovered in the Antarctic. DUNDEE, June 10-The schooner Active. which has arrived at this port with a full cargo of seal skins, reports the discovery of land in latitude 56° south, longitude 68°

Cable Notes. Riots have broken out in Corunna. capitol of the province of that name, in the extreme northwest of Spain. The cause of the riots is the indignation aroused among the people against the taxation arising from military reforms.

James Gorden Bennett is recovering rapidly from the injuries he received in failing from a coach three days ago. His physicians say that he is well out of danger. The first reports of the accident are said to have been somewhat exaggerated. Baroness Helene Reden, widow of a mil-

ionaire and mother of the Imperial Privy Councilor Baron Breden, of Vienna, has been arrested as a vagabond. She said that she was penniless and homeless, and that neither her son nor her daughter would support her. After ascertaining the truth of her statement the authorities sent her to the poorhouse. She is seventyeight years old.

Keturn of Frederic R. Coudert. NEW YORK, June 10 .- Frederic R. Condert, who went to Europe as an associate counsel for the United States in Behring soa case, returned here to-day on the steamship New Mr. Coudert was unable to remain in Paris to hear the final arguments in the case. Mr. Coudert said to-day that he believed that the impression made in the presentation of the claims of the United States was a most favorable one, and he looked for a decision favorable to this country from the arbitrators.

Fast Little Gunbost.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 10,-The boat Machine wins. She has beaten the record, and the game little gunboat is a worthy successor of the great New York. She has beaten her required speed of thirteen knots by two full knots and probably more. Exactly what she has done can only be determined when the due allowance for tide influences is made by the official board of inspectors. The official trial was held to-day.

The Races.

July is Independence month. The races